

Ministry of Earth Science, India Meteorological Department is collaborated with

Dr. Balasaheb Sawant Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli,

Gramin Krishi Mousam Seva Project,

College of Horticulture, Mulde

Agro Advisory Bulletin For The District Sindhudurg (Period 24th to 28th June, 2020)



Issue 49/2020						Date 23.06.2020				Duration 5 Days			
Actual weather parameters recorded during last week (Dated 16th to 22nd June, 2020)						Weather Parameters		For	recasted weather parameters for forthcoming 5 day's (Valid for 24 th to 28 th June, 2020)				
16/06	17/06	18/06	19/06	20/06	21/06	22/06	Date		24/06	25/06	26/06	27/06	28/06
77.2	71.1	112.8	23.8	35.4	18.4	10.2	Rainfall (mm)		43	52	37	43	69
34.5	27.5	29.5	31.0	31.1	32.4	32.4	Temp. махітит (°С)		31	30	30	30	30
24.5	23.8	23.5	23.3	23.9	25.1	24.6	Temp. мілітит (°С)		25	25	25	25	25
Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	AM Cloud	Cover	7	8	7	6	8
Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	PM (Od	ta.)		0			
100	93	100	97	93	89	95	RH - I (%)		95	95	93	95	95
93	90	82	81	81	72	81	RH - II (%)		86	87	84	80	86
2.8	0.5	1.1	1.4	1.3	0.4	1.6	Wind Speed (km/hr.)		7	8	7	8	7
Calm	Calm	Calm	Calm	WNW	Calm	Calm	AM	Direction	South	South	Southerly/	South	Courth
Calm	Calm	NNE	ENE	ENE	ENE	WNW	PM	Direction	South		South East	South	South
Rainfall (mm) in last year (2019) Rainfall (mm) from			(mm) from C	m 01/01/20 to till dated Rainfall (mm) from 01/06/			20 to till c) to till dated Rainfall (mm) in last week			week		

814.3

General Weather condition in forthcoming 5 days:

4591.0

In Sindhudurg district, the temperature is likely to remain stable for the next five days, with moderate rains expected in most places on June 24th and in many places between June 25th and 27th, while heavy rains are expected in most places on June 28. The weather is likely to be humid and completely cloudy. This forecast has been made by the Regional Meteorological Center. Mumbai.

811.1

likely to be humid and completely cloudy. This forecast has been made by the Regional Meteorological Center, Mumbai.								
Weather Prediction Based Agro-Advice								
Name of Crop	Growth Stage	Advisory						
Paddy,	Nursery management and Transplanting	 Moderate rain is expected this week. In some places, the rice crop is in the stage of 20 to 25 days old seedlings. Farmers should undertake replanting and complete it as soon as possible. For replanting, seedlings should be 10 to 15 cm tall, 5-6 leaf stage and 20-22 days old. Apply 870 gm urea, 3 kg single super phosphate and 830 gm muriate of potash per Gutha area at the time of final pudling. Nitrogen application can be saved by burying Giripushpa leaves at the rate of 10 tons per hectare (100 kg per Guntha) before planting. Paddy transplanting should be spaced 15 x 15 cm for early varieties and 20 x 15 cm for mid-late and late varieties. Transplanting should be straight and shallow. For hybrid rice, only one vigorous plant should be planted in one place. Charsutri cultivation method should be adopted for paddy cultivation. Excess water should be drained if large amount of water is retained in the paddy field. In some places rice crop is in 15 to 20 days seedling stage. In such places, farmers should start ploughing and pudling the field for transplanting of paddy. For this, Pankaj pudling machine developed by the Dr B.S. Konkan Agricultural University should be used. Protect the rice nursery from attack of crabs. For this prepare boiled rice from 1 kg of raw rice and add insecticide Acephate 75 WP @ 75 grams or Carbaryl 50 WP @ 100 gm and make 100 arecanut size balls and keep them in each crab burrow and close it with wet mud. On next day if some of the burrows are found open, then again use the same procedure. 						
Finger Millet	Nursery and Transplanting	If the Finger Millet seedlings are 15 days old in some places, do the weeding and give 1st dost of Urea @ 1kg/seed bed in the nursery. For transplanting, ploughing should be done perpendicular to the slope. Where Finger Millet seedlings have become transplantable, farmer should be initiate transplanting of Finger millet.						
Groundnut	Sowing	Use 100 to 125 kg of seed/per ha for sowing. Use varieties like Konkan Gaurav and Trombay Konkan (Tapora) as well as high yielding varieties like TG-26, TAG-24 and TPG-41 recommended by Dr. B.S. Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli for Konkan region. Seed treatment with Thiram @ 3 gm/kg of seed to prevent Wilt disease of groundnut due to continuous rain and moisture. In the next five days, due to heavy rains in Sindhudarg district on the first day, sowing of <i>kharif</i> groundnut should be completed at the place where is left behind.						
Mango	New Plantation	Application of fertilizer dose to mango according to the recommended dose of Dr. B.S. Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli Application of one ghamela FYM, 300 gm Urea, 300 gm SSP and 100 gm MOP for one year old mango plants. Increase the dose of the manures and fertilizers according to the age of plant. If harvesting is completed in such orchards cut the loranthus parasites, dead wood and diseased branches and apply 1% Bordeaux paste to the cut surface. Keep the orchard clean. Since the humidity will increase in the next five days in the district. Protect the new flushing in mango from the incidence of anthracnose and powdery mildew diseases may found on mango. To control spray Thiophenate methyl and Carbendazim 1% @ 1 gm per 1 liter of water after rains stop is advocated.						
Cashew nut	New Plantation	If the incidence CSRB is noticed in cashew, remove the grubs with the help of 15 mm chisel and soak the stem in to the paste of fipronil 5% SC @ 2 ml per liter of water (5 liter of water is sufficient for one tree) is advocated. Cut the dead wood and diseased branches of cashew and apply 1% Bordeaux paste to the cut surface.						
Coconut and Arecanut	Fruit Development	For control of leaf spot of Coconut and Koleroga (fruit drop) disease of Arecanut, spraying of 1% Bordeaux mixture in the orchard is suggested.						
Vegetables	Sowing and Transplanting	Proper support should be given to gourd crops. Provide proper drainage to the Bhendi, Gawar etc. crops. Transplanting of chili and brinjal in well-drained soil is advocated. It is advocated to apply manures and fertilizers to vegetables as per recommended by the University. Protect the vegetables crops from pests like leaf eating caterpillars, aphids etc. by spraying proper insecticides.						
Dairy Animals and Goat		for planting of perennial forage crops like Paragrass, Napier, Yashwant etc is advocated. and goats should be vaccinated against tetanus under the guidance of a veterinarian. A good diet should be followed to build a good after vaccination.						

This Agro Advisory Bulletin (AAB) is prepared and published with the consolation and recommendation of SMS committee of "Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa (GKMS)", Regional Fruit Research Station, Vengurle and College of Horticulture, Mulde Dr. B.S.Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli 416 520 (MS).

Dr. P.C. Haldavanekar
Associate Dean and Nodal Officer
Agro-Meteorological Field Unit (AMFU)
Gramin Krishi Mousam Sewa,
College of Horticulture, Mulde
Tal. Kudal Dist. Sindhudurg
(02362-244231.244272)

Dr. Y. C. Muthal Technical Officer Agro-Meteorological Field Unit (AMFU), Gramin Krishi Mousam Sewa, College of Horticulture, Mulde (02362-244231)